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Status: Final Date of Issue: 11-Nov-2004



# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## **Calcined Coke**

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Calcined Coke

**Product Code:** 8910, 8911, 8912, 8913, 8921, 8922, 8930, 8932, 8951

Synonyms: Alliance - Petroleum Coke, Calcined - 1057

Conoco MSDS # COKC0010

BP - Base Premium Calcined Anode

CCC Hi-D Calcined Coke, ROK CCC MD Calcined Coke, ROK

FINES - Coke Fines

HSR - High Sulfur Recarburizer

HISR - Intermediate Sulfur Recarburizer

LIP - Intermediate Premium LNP - Normal Premium LSR - Low Sulfur Recarburizer

LXP - X-Coke

MSR - Medium Sulfur Recarburizer

Needle Coke

NSR - Normal sulfur Recarburizer

Refinery Calcined Coke Rodeo - Calcined Coke

Santa Maria - Calcined Petroleum Coke

Santa Maria - Lump, Fines

SMRC Calcined Coke, Lump, or Fines

Chemical Family: Carbon

Responsible Party: ConocoPhillips

600 N. Dairy Ashford Houston, Texas 77079-1175

**Customer Service:** 918-661-1672 **Technical Information:** 918-661-1672

The intended use of this product is indicated above. If any additional use is known, please contact us at the Technical Information number listed.

### **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

## 24 Hour Emergency Telephone Numbers:

Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident Call CHEMTREC:

North America: (800) 424-9300 Others: (703) 527-3887 (collect)

California Poison Control System: (800) 356-3219

Health Hazards/Precautionary Measures: Avoid contact with eyes. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear appropriate

eye protection.

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Physical Hazards/Precautionary Measures: None Anticipated.

**Appearance:** Steel Gray to black particles and/or lumps

Physical Form: Solid Odor: None

NFPA 704 Hazard Class: HMIS Hazard Class:

Health:0 (Least)Health:0 (Least)Flammability:0 (Least)Flammability:0 (Least)Instability:0 (Least)Physical Hazards:0 (Least)

## 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS					
Component / CAS No:	Percent (%)	ACGIH:	OSHA:	NIOSH:	Other:
Coke, Calcined 64743-05-1	100	10 mg/m³ TWA-Tot. 3 mg/m³ TWA- Resp.	15 mg/m³ TWA-Tot. 5 mg/m³ TWA- Resp.	NE	as Nuisance Dust, if Generated
					Coke Fibers: See Section 8 (Respiratory)

Note: State, local or other agencies or advisory groups may have established more stringent limits. Consult an industrial hygienist or similar professional, or your local agencies, for further information.

1%=10,000 PPM. NE=Not Established

## 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **Potential Health Effects:**

Eye: Dusts may be abrasive and irritating to the eyes and cause stinging, watering, and redness.

**Skin:** Dusts, pellets, or granules may be abrasive and mildly irritating to the skin. No harmful effects from skin absorption are expected.

Inhalation (Breathing): Low degree of toxicity by inhalation. (See Section 11, Toxicological Information)

Ingestion (Swallowing): No harmful effects expected from ingestion.

Signs and Symptoms: Effects of overexposure may include Repeated overexposures to dusts may result in irritation of the respiratory tract, pneumoconiosis (dust congested lungs), pneumonitis (lung inflammation), coughing, and shortness of breath

Cancer: Inadequate data available to evaluate the cancer hazard of this material.

Target Organs: Inadequate data available for this material.

**Developmental:** No data available for this material.

Other Comments: None Known

Pre-Existing Medical Conditions: Conditions aggravated by exposure may include skin disorders, respiratory (asthma-like) disorders.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eye:** If irritation or redness develops, move victim away from exposure and into fresh air. Flush eyes with clean water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

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Skin: First aid is not normally required. However, it is good practice to wash any chemical from the skin.

**Inhalation (Breathing):** First aid is not normally required. If breathing difficulties develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion (Swallowing): First aid is not normally required; however, if swallowed and symptoms develop, seek medical attention.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### Flammable Properties:

Flash Point:

OSHA Flammability Class:

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

UEL%:

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards: No unusual fire or explosion hazards are expected.

Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire.

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** For fires beyond the incipient stage, emergency responders in the immediate hazard area should wear bunker gear. When the potential chemical hazard is unknown, in enclosed or confined spaces, or when explicitly required by DOT, a self contained breathing apparatus should be worn. In addition, wear other appropriate protective equipment as conditions warrant (see Section 8).

Contain spill if it can be done with minimal risk. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done with minimal risk. Isolate immediate hazard area, keep unauthorized personnel out. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, if it can be done with minimal risk.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Stay upwind and away from spill. Notify persons down wind of the spill/release, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Contain spill if it can be done with minimal risk. Wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection as conditions warrant (see Section 8).

Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems, and natural waterways.

Notify fire authorities and appropriate federal, state, and local agencies. Minimize dust generation. Sweep up and package appropriately for disposal.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling:** The use of appropriate respiratory protection is advised when concentrations exceed any established exposure limits (see Sections 2 and 8).

Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes. Use good personal hygiene practices.

**Storage:** Use and store this material in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat and all sources of ignition. Store only in approved containers. Keep away from any incompatible material (see Section 10).

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Engineering controls:** If current ventilation practices are not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations below the established exposure limits (see Section 2), additional engineering controls may be required.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

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**Respiratory:** Small concentrations of airborne respiratory coke fibers may be present in calcined coke. Manufacturers of carbon fibers have recommended exposure limits between 1 and 5 fibers per cc, 8 hour time-weighted average. A NIOSH certified air purifying respirator with a Type 100 particulate filter may be worn when performing maintenance or other activities (e.g. sweeping, loading, grinding) likely to generate dust, unless such exposures have been determined to have low potential for the presence of airborne fibers. When the potential for fibers exposure is known to be low, a NIOSH certified Type 95 particulate filter may be used where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits for nuisance dust (see Section 2).

**Skin:** Not required based on the hazards of the material. However, it is considered good practice to wear gloves when handling chemicals.

**Eye/Face:** Approved eye protection to safeguard against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury is recommended. Depending on conditions of use, a face shield may be necessary.

**Other Protective Equipment:** A source of clean water should be available in the work area for flushing eyes and skin. Impervious clothing should be worn as needed.

Suggestions for the use of specific protective materials are based on readily available published data. Users should check with specific manufacturers to confirm the performance of their products.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Unless otherwise stated, values are determined at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 atm).

Appearance: Steel Gray to black particles and/or lumps

Physical Form:SolidOdor:NoneOdor Threshold:No datapH:Not applicableVapor Pressure (mm Hg):Not applicableVapor Density (air=1):Not applicableBoiling Point:Not applicable

Boiling Point:

Solubility in Water:

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water):

Specific Gravity:

Bulk Density:

Bulk Density Units

No data

2 (Typical)

45-55

Bulk Density Units

**Percent Volatile:** Negligible Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): <1 Particle Size: 2 x 0 **Particle Size Units** inches Flash Point: Not applicable LEL%: Not applicable UEL%: Not applicable **Autoignition Temperature:** Not applicable

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

Conditions to Avoid: None known

Materials to Avoid (Incompatible Materials): Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Combustion of organic materials produces carbon dioxide and possibly carbon monoxide, vanadium and nickel oxides and sulfur dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Chronic Data:** 

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#### Coke, Calcined - CAS: 64743-05-1

Carcinogenicity: Lifetime skin painting studies in mice in which petroleum coke was applied as a 25% mineral oil solution were negative.

Target Organs: Repeated exposure of rats to 10 and 30 mg/m³ petroleum coke dust for two years resulted in signs of lung injury including fibrosis (scarring of lung tissue). Similar exposures in monkeys caused no significant lung effects. Small concentrations of airborne respiratory coke fibers may be present in calcined coke. The fibers are amorphous and generally irregularly shaped, rather than having the crystalline appearance of carbon fibers. Coke fibers have not been studied, but recent laboratory animal studies have shown that carbon fibers are biopersistent in the lung. However, the studies also demonstrated a lower inflammatory response in the lung and less proliferation of the alveolar cells than fibers that are known to cause fibrosis and lung cancer.

### **Acute Data:**

Coke, Calcined - CAS: 64743-05-1

Dermal LD50 = No information available

LC50 = No information available

Oral LD50 = No information available

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not evaluated at this time.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

This material, if discarded as produced, is not a RCRA "listed" or "characteristic" hazardous waste. Use which results in chemical or physical change or contamination may subject it to regulation as a hazardous waste. Along with properly characterizing all waste materials, consult state and local regulations regarding the proper disposal of this material.

## 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

**DOT Proper Shipping Description:** Not classified as hazardous

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### U.S. Regulations:

## EPA SARA 311/312 (Title III Hazard Categories)

Acute Health:NoChronic Health:NoFire Hazard:NoPressure Hazard:NoReactive Hazard:No

### **SARA - Section 313 and 40 CFR 372:**

This material contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313 and 40 CFR 372: --None Known--

#### **EPA (CERCLA) Reportable Quantity (in pounds):**

--None Known--

### CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and TPQs (in pounds):

This material contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 302 and 40 CFR 372:

-- None Known --

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#### California Proposition 65:

Warning: This material contains the following chemicals which are known to the State of Calfornia to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, and are subject to the requirements of California Proposition 65 (CA Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5):

Chromium (Hexavalent Compounds) -- Cancer Nickel and Certain Nickel Compounds -- Cancer

#### Carcinogen Identification:

This material has not been identified as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

#### TSCA:

All components are listed on the TSCA inventory.

#### **International Regulations:**

### **Canadian Regulations:**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Classification: Not regulated

#### **International Inventories:**

One or more components are listed on the following inventories:

Australia (AICS) Canada (DSL) China Europe (EINECS)

Korea (Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances)

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Issue Date:** 11-Nov-2004 **Previous Issue Date:** 21-Jan-2003

**Product Code:** 8910, 8911, 8912, 8913, 8921, 8922, 8930, 8932, 8951

Reason for revision: Personal Protective Equipment information changed. SEE SECTION 8.

Toxicological information changed. SEE SECTION 11.

Previous Product Code: Multiple MSDS Code: 724120

## Disclaimer of Expressed and implied Warranties:

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